

# 1st talk Jupyter notebook NITheP\_mini\_school\_L1-qubit\_rot

September 15, 2020

## 1 Optimising a qubit rotation model with PennyLane

Source: [https://pennylane.ai/qml/demos/tutorial\\_qubit\\_rotation.html](https://pennylane.ai/qml/demos/tutorial_qubit_rotation.html)

### 1.1 Imports

```
[1]: # insert imports
import pennylane as qml
from pennylane import numpy as np
```

### 1.2 Create a device

```
[2]: # default.qubit, other devices available
dev = qml.device('default.qubit', wires=1)
```

### 1.3 Construct a QNode with your circuit

```
[3]: # wrap device in qml.qnode
# define circuit, RX and RY gates, <Z>
@qml.qnode(dev)
def circuit(params):
    qml.RX(params[0], wires=0)
    qml.RY(params[1], wires=0)
    return qml.expval(qml.PauliZ(0))
```

```
[5]: # set some parameters & print the circuit
params = [0,0]
circuit(params)
```

```
[5]: 1.0
```

### 1.4 Define the cost function

```
[6]: #define cost(x)
def cost(x):
    return circuit(x)
```

```
[7]: #define init_params as np array and check cost
init_params = np.array([0.11, 0.5])
cost(init_params)
```

[7]: 0.8722785388513962

## 1.5 Optimise the cost function using gradient descent

```
[8]: # initialise the optimizer with stepsize
opt = qml.GradientDescentOptimizer(stepsize=0.4)

# set the number of steps
steps = 100
# set the initial parameter values
params = init_params
```

```
[9]: for i in range(steps):
    # update the circuit parameters after each step relative to cost & params
    params = opt.step(cost, params)

    if (i + 1) % 5 == 0:
        print("Cost after step {:5d}: {:.7f}".format(i + 1, cost(params)))

print("Optimized rotation angles: {}".format(params))
```

```
Cost after step      5: -0.4151640
Cost after step     10: -0.9926820
Cost after step     15: -0.9999554
Cost after step     20: -0.9999997
Cost after step     25: -1.0000000
Cost after step     30: -1.0000000
Cost after step     35: -1.0000000
Cost after step     40: -1.0000000
Cost after step     45: -1.0000000
Cost after step     50: -1.0000000
Cost after step     55: -1.0000000
Cost after step     60: -1.0000000
Cost after step     65: -1.0000000
Cost after step     70: -1.0000000
Cost after step     75: -1.0000000
Cost after step     80: -1.0000000
Cost after step     85: -1.0000000
Cost after step     90: -1.0000000
Cost after step     95: -1.0000000
Cost after step    100: -1.0000000
Optimized rotation angles: [7.76477091e-17 3.14159265e+00]
```

[ ]: